



Instrument Accommodations

Actions:

- **Review instrument/technology development inputs in Reference Mission Description**
- **Work out high level instrument schedule**
 - Identify critical paths/milestones
 - Identify resources/funding profile to support critical paths
- **Assign representative from technology development team to Radiation Forum**



Instrument Accommodations

- **CCD/Gratings**

- Mass
 - CCD: 20 kg
 - Gratings: 73.5 kg
- Power for CCD: 13.8 watts
- Data Rate: 10.5 kbps (daily average); 300 kbps (peak)
- Special Accommodation Concerns
 - Magnetic Cleanliness
 - EMI/EMC
 - Radiation
 - Micro-phonics/Vibration
 - Contamination
- Corrected illustration for gratings will be in next draft



Instrument Accommodations

- **X-ray Calorimeter**

- Mass
 - Calorimeter assembly with ADR, electronics : 33.0 kg
- Data Rate: 30 kbps (average); 1051 kbps (peak)
- Special Accommodation Concerns
 - Magnetic Cleanliness
 - EMI/EMC
 - Radiation
 - Micro-phonics/Vibration
 - Contamination
- Update to accommodations table and semi-conductor calorimeter description will be in next draft



Instrument Description

- **Hard X-ray Telescope**

- Mass

- Optics: 63 kg/per HXT assembly (3 per satellite)
 - Detector: 11 kg/per HXT assembly (3 per satellite)
 - Weight per satellite: 222 kg
 - NRA weight (adjusted for 4 satellites): 195 kg

- Data Rate: 3 kbps (average); 14 kbps (peak)

- Special Accommodation Concerns

- Magnetic Cleanliness
 - EMI/EMC
 - Radiation
 - Micro-phonics/Vibration
 - Contamination



Strategy for a Radiation Hard Mission

- **Develop risk management approach early in mission**
 - Assess radiation environment
 - Identify device and system vulnerabilities
 - Make accommodations to design and operational approach to minimize risk
- **Near-term strategy**
 - Set up Radiation Forum: information network on radiation
 - Project Chair: Robin Mauk
 - Representative from each instrument/technology development team
 - Contacts from Chandra and relevant programs
 - Web site with information on radiation environment, system and device susceptibilities, links to useful radiation web-sites



Radiation Environment for Constellation-X

- **Science Mission at L2**
- **Transfer orbit include 3-5 phasing loops through Van Allen Belts (30 to 60 days)**
- **Models of environment are improving**
 - NGST models are updated from those used for MAP
- **Assume radiation effect of charged particles (protons and electrons) are omni-directional and isotropic**

Radiation Dose Per Year krad(Si)

Mission	Shielding	
	1 gm Al/cm ²	5 gm Al/cm ²
MAP (3 phasing loops)	4.11	0.67
NGST (no phasing loops)	2.75	0.4
COBE (90° /900 km) 20% time in SAA	3.76	0.63
Geosynchronous (35,790 km)	2.3	0.7



Long Term Radiation Strategy

- **Radiation engineer for Constellation-X**
 - Define and evaluate hazards
 - Define requirements
 - Evaluate device usage
 - Team with other designers to ensure radiation hardness
- **Responsible person for radiation design concerns for each instrument**
 - Define and evaluate radiation sensitivities of instrument systems and components
 - Keep an up-to-date parts list with information on radiation harness and parts processing
- **Regular Radiation Reliability Reviews**
 - Review panel made of radiation design experts, project and instrument representatives